



**NCC-003-027201**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (ECI) (Sem. II) (CBCS) Examination**

**May / June – 2017**

**Paper-05 : ECI Mathematics - II**

*[Old Course]*

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 027201**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (i) All questions carry **equal** marks.  
(ii) Figures on **right** hand side indicate marks.

**1** Answer the following : (any seven) **14**

(1) Find  $gof$  and  $fog$ , if  $f:R \rightarrow R$  and  $g:R \rightarrow R$  are given by

$$f(x) = \sin x \text{ and } g(x) = x^3 \text{ so that } gof \neq fog.$$

(2) Convert  $40^\circ 20'$  into Radian measure.

(3) Find the derivative at  $x=2$  of the function  $f(x) = x^3$ .

(4) Find the principle value of  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ .

(5) Find  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ , if  $y = x^5 + \cot x$ .

(6) Find the rate of change of the area of a circle per second with respect to its radius  $r$  when  $r = 5$  cm.

(7) Find the integral of  $\int(\tan x + \cot x) dx$ .

(8) Find the value of  $i^{200}$ .

(9) Find the order and degree of  $x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^4 - \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ .

(10) Find the vector joining the points  $P(2, 3, 0)$  and  $Q(-1, -2, -4)$  directed from  $P$  to  $Q$ .

**2** Answer the following : (any **two**) **14**

(1) Let  $f: N \rightarrow R$  be a function defined as **7**

$f(x) = 4x^2 + 12x + 15$ . Show that  $f: N \rightarrow S$ , where  $S$  is the range of  $f$ , is invertible. Find the inverse of  $f$ .

(2) Solve the following in brief : **7**

(i)  $\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(ii)  $\sec x = 2$

(3) Find the limit of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[ \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} - \frac{1}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x} \right]$ . **7**

**3** Answer the following : **14**

(1) Show that  $\tan^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} \frac{2x}{1-x^2} = \tan^{-1} \frac{3x-x^3}{1-3x^2}$ ,  $|x| < \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ . **5**

(2) Find the derivative of  $f$  given by  $f(x) = \cos^{-1} x$  assuming it exists. **5**

(3) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  : **4**

(i) If  $x = a \tan \theta$ ,  $y = a \cot \theta$

(ii) If  $x = at^2$ ,  $y = 2at$ .

**OR**

3 Answer the following : 14

(1) Differentiate  $x^{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)}$  with respect to  $x$ . 7

(2) Find the approximate change in the volume  $V$  of a cube of side  $x$  meters caused by increasing the side by 2%. 7

4 Answer the following : 14

(1) Find the integral 7

(i)  $\int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2x+1}} dx$

(ii)  $\int \sin^3 x \cos^3 x dx$

(2) Using integration find the area of region bounded by the triangle whose vertices are (1, 0), (2, 2) and (3, 1). 7

5 Answer the following : (any two) 14

(1) In a bank, principal increases continuously at the rate of 5% per year. In how many years Rs. 1,000 double itself ? 7

(2) Find angle ' $\theta$ ' between the vectors  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ . 7

(3) Prove that  $3 \sin \frac{p}{6} \sec \frac{p}{3} - 4 \sin \frac{5p}{6} \cot \frac{p}{4} = 1$ . 7

(4) If  $y = \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}\right)^m$ , show that  $(x^2 - 1) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} = m^2 y$ . 7